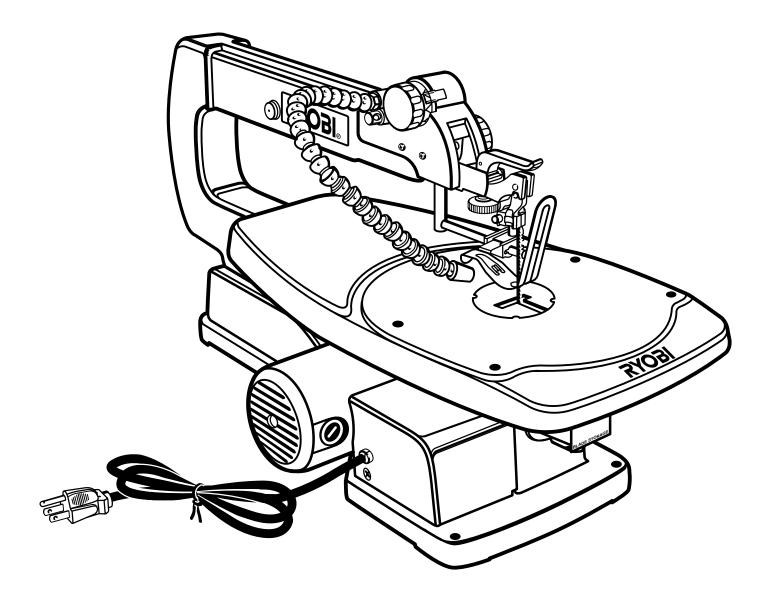
RYOBI OPERATOR'S MANUAL 18 in. (457 mm) Variable Speed **SCROLL SAW SC180VS**



Your new Scroll Saw has been engineered and manufactured to Ryobi's high standards for dependability, ease of operation, and operator safety. Properly cared for, it will give you years of rugged, trouble-free performance.



WARNING: To reduce the risk of injury, the user must read and understand the operator's manual.

Thank you for buying a Ryobi Scroll Saw.

SAVE THIS MANUAL FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

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INTRODUCTION

Your saw has many features for making cutting operations more pleasant and enjoyable. Safety, performance, and dependability have been given top priority in the design of this saw making it easy to maintain and operate.



A CAUTION:

Carefully read through this entire operator's manual before using your new saw. Pay close attention to the Rules For Safe Operation and all Safety Alert Symbols including Danger, Warning, and Caution. If you use your saw properly and only for what it is intended, you will enjoy years of safe, reliable service.

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATIONS:		
Throat	18 in. (457 mm)	
Blade Length	5 in. (127 mm) plain or pin	
Motor Rating	120 volts, 60Hz, AC Only	
No Load Speed	500 – 1600 Strokes Per Minute	
Amperes	1.2	
Net Weight	28 lbs. (14 kg.)	



Look for this symbol to point out important safety precautions. It means attention!!! Your safety is involved.

RULES FOR SAFE OPERATION

Safe operation of this power tool requires that you read and understand this operator's manual and all labels affixed to the tool. Safety is a combination of common sense, staying alert, and knowing how your scroll saw works.

READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS

- KNOW YOUR POWER TOOL. Read the operator's manual carefully. Learn the applications and limitations as well as specific potential hazards related to this tool.
- **GUARD AGAINST ELECTRICAL SHOCK** by preventing body contact with grounded surfaces. For example: pipes, radiators, ranges, refrigerator enclosures.
- KEEP GUARDS IN PLACE and in working order. Never operate the tool with any guard or cover removed. Make sure all guards are operating properly before each use.
- REMOVE ADJUSTING KEYS AND WRENCHES. Form habit of checking to see keys and adjusting wrenches are removed from tool before turning it on.
- KEEP THE WORK AREA CLEAN. Cluttered work areas and work benches invite accidents.
- DON'T USE IN DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENTS. Do not use power tools near gasoline or other flammable liquids, in damp or wet locations or expose them to rain. Keep work area well lighted.
- KEEP CHILDREN AND VISITORS AWAY. All visitors should wear safety glasses and be kept a safe distance from work area.
- MAKE WORKSHOP CHILDPROOF with padlocks, master switches, or by removing starter keys.
- DON'T FORCE THE TOOL. It will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.
- USE THE RIGHT TOOL. Do not force the tool or attachment to do a job for which it was not designed.
- USE THE PROPER EXTENSION CORD. Make sure your extension cord is in good condition. When using an extension cord, be sure to use one heavy enough to carry the current your product will draw. An undersized cord will cause a drop in line voltage resulting in loss of power and overheating. A wire gauge size (A.W.G.) of at least 16 is recommended for an extension cord 25 feet or less in length. If in doubt, use the next heavier gauge. The smaller the gauge number, the heavier the cord.
- WEAR PROPER APPAREL. Do not wear loose clothing, neckties, or jewelry that can get caught in the tool's moving parts and cause personal injury. Nonslip footwear is recommended when working outdoors. Wear protective hair covering to contain long hair.
- ALWAYS WEAR SAFETY GLASSES WITH SIDE SHIELDS. Everyday eyeglasses have only impact-resistant lenses; they are NOT safety glasses.
- **SECURE WORK.** Use clamps or a vise to hold work when practical. It's safer than using your hand and it frees both hands to operate the tool.

- **DO NOT OVERREACH.** Keep proper footing and balance at all times.
- MAINTAIN TOOLS WITH CARE. Keep tools sharp and clean for best and safest performance. Follow instructions for lubricating and changing accessories.
- **DISCONNECT ALL TOOLS.** When not in use, before servicing, or when changing attachments, blades, bits, cutters, etc., all tools should be disconnected from power source.
- REDUCE THE RISK OF UNINTENTIONAL STARTING.

 Be sure switch is off when plugging in.
- USE RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES. Consult the operator's manual for recommended accessories. The use of improper accessories may cause risk of injury.
- **NEVER STAND ON TOOL.** Serious injury could occur if the tool is tipped or if the blade is unintentionally contacted.
- CHECK DAMAGED PARTS. Before further use of the tool, a guard or other part that is damaged should be carefully checked to determine that it will operate properly and perform its intended function. Check for alignment of moving parts, binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, mounting and any other conditions that may affect its operation. A guard or other part that is damaged must be properly repaired or replaced by an authorized service center to avoid risk of personal injury.
- **DIRECTION OF FEED.** Feed work into a blade or cutter against the direction or rotation of the blade or cutter only.
- NEVER LEAVE TOOL RUNNING UNATTENDED. TURN POWER OFF. Don't leave tool until it comes to a complete stop.
- DON'T ABUSE CORD. Never carry tool by the cord or yank it to disconnect from receptacle. Keep cord from heat, oil, and sharp edges.
- PROTECT YOUR LUNGS. Wear a face or dust mask if the cutting operation is dusty.
- PROTECT YOUR HEARING. Wear hearing protection during extended periods of operation.
- **BLADE COASTS AFTER TURN OFF.**
- KEEP TOOL DRY, CLEAN, AND FREE FROM OIL AND GREASE. Always use a clean cloth when cleaning. Never use brake fluids, gasoline, petroleum-based products, or any solvents to clean tool.
- INSPECT TOOL CORDS AND EXTENSION CORDS PERIODICALLY and, if damaged, have repaired by a qualified service technician. Stay constantly aware of cord location and keep it well away from the rotating wheel.
- NEVERUSEIN AN EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE. Normal sparking of the motor could ignite fumes.
- USE ONLY OUTDOOR EXTENSION CORDS with approved ground connection that are intended for use outdoors and so marked.
- BE SURE THE BLADE PATH IS FREE OF NAILS. Inspect for and remove nails from lumber before cutting.

RULES FOR SAFE OPERATION

- AVOID AWKWARD OPERATIONS AND HAND POSITIONS where a sudden slip could cause your hand to move into the blade. ALWAYS make sure you have good balance.
- ALLOW THE MOTOR TO COME UP TO FULL SPEED before starting a cut to avoid binding or stalling.
- DO NOT USE TOOL IF SWITCH DOES NOT TURN IT ON AND OFF. Have defective switches replaced by an authorized service center.
- REPLACEMENT PARTS. All repairs, whether electrical or mechanical, should be made by qualified service technician at an authorized service center.
- WHEN SERVICING use only identical Ryobi replacement parts. Use of any other parts may create a hazard or cause product damage.
- KEEP HANDS AWAY FROM CUTTING AREA. Do not hand hold pieces so small that your fingers go under the blade guard. Do not reach underneath work or in blade cutting path with your hands and fingers for any reason.
- FIRMLY CLAMP OR BOLT your saw to a stable, level workbench or table. The most comfortable table height is approximately waist height.
- **DO NOT FEED THE MATERIAL TOO QUICKLY.** Do not force the workpiece against the blade.
- USE ONLY CORRECT BLADES. Use the right blade size, style and cutting speed for the material and the type of cut. Blade teeth should point down toward the table.
- BEFORE MAKING A CUT, BE SURE ALL ADJUST-MENTS ARE SECURE.
- ALWAYS SUPPORT LARGE WORKPIECES while cutting to minimize risk of blade pinching and kickback. Saw may slip, walk or slide while cutting large or heavy boards.
- DO NOT REMOVE JAMMED CUTOFF PIECES until blade has stopped.
- **NEVER START THE TOOL** when the blade is in contact with the workpiece.
- **NEVER TOUCH BLADE** or other moving parts during use.
- BEFORE CHANGING THE SETUP, REMOVING COV-ERS, GUARDS, OR BLADES, unplug the saw and remove the switch key.

- KEEP BLADES CLEAN, SHARP, AND WITH SUFFI-CIENT SET. Sharp blades minimize stalling and kickbacks.
- ALWAYS TURN OFF SAW before disconnecting it to avoid accidental starting when reconnecting to a power source.
- DO NOT OPERATE THIS TOOL WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF DRUGS, ALCOHOL, OR ANY MEDICATION.
- STAY ALERT AND EXERCISE CONTROL. Watch what you are doing and use common sense. Do not operate tool when you are tired. Do not rush.
- MAKE SURE WORK AREA HAS AMPLE LIGHTING to see the work and that no obstructions will interfere with safe operation BEFORE performing any work using your saw.
- **SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.** Refer to them frequently and use them to instruct other users. If you loan someone this tool, loan them these instructions also.



WARNING:

Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- · lead from lead-based paints,
- crystalline silica from bricks and cement and other masonry products, and
- arsenic and chromium from chemically-treated lumber.

Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals, work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS



RULES FOR SAFE OPERATION

The purpose of safety symbols is to attract your attention to possible dangers. The safety symbols, and the explanations with them, deserve your careful attention and understanding. The safety warnings do not by themselves eliminate any danger. The instructions or warnings they give are not substitutes for proper accident prevention measures.

MEANING SYMBOL



SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL:

Indicates danger, warning or caution. May be used in conjunction with other symbols or pictographs.



DANGER: Failure to obey a safety warning will result in serious injury to yourself or to others. Always follow the safety precautions to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock and personal injury.



WARNING: Failure to obey a safety warning can result in serious injury to yourself or to others. Always follow the safety precautions to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock and personal injury.



CAUTION: Failure to obey a safety warning may result in property damage or personal injury to yourself or to others. Always follow the safety precautions to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock and personal

Note: Advises you of information or instructions vital to the operation or maintenance of the equipment.

IMPORTANT

Servicing requires extreme care and knowledge and should be performed only by a qualified service technician. For service we suggest you return the tool to your nearest RYOBI AUTHORIZED SERVICE CENTER for repair. When servicing, use only identical Ryobi replacement parts.



WARNING:

Do not attempt to operate this tool until you have read thoroughly and understand completely all instructions, safety rules, etc. contained in this manual. Failure to comply can result in accidents involving fire, electric shock, or serious personal injury. Save this operator's manual and review frequently for continuing safe operation and instructing others who may use this tool.



WARNING:



The operation of any power tool can result in foreign objects being thrown into your eyes, which can result in severe eye damage. Before beginning tool operation, always wear safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields and a full face shield when needed. We recommend Wide Vision Safety Mask for use over eyeglasses or standard safety glasses with side shields. Always wear eye protection which is marked to comply with ANSI Z87.1.

SAFETY AND INTERNATIONAL SYMBOLS

This operator's manual describes safety and international symbols and pictographs that may appear on this product. Read the operator's manual for complete safety, assembly, operating and maintenance, and repair information.



MEANING

Do not expose to rain or use in damp locations

ELECTRICAL

EXTENSION CORDS

Use only 3-wire extension cords that have 3-prong grounding plugs and 3-pole receptacles that accept the tool's plug. When using a power tool at a considerable distance from the power source, use an extension cord heavy enough to carry the current that the tool will draw. An undersized extension cord will cause a drop in line voltage, resulting in a loss of power and causing the motor to overheat. Use the chart provided below to determine the minimum wire size required in an extension cord. Only round jacketed cords listed by Underwriter's Laboratories (UL) should be used.

Length of Extension Cord Wire Size (A.W.G.) Up to 25 feet 16

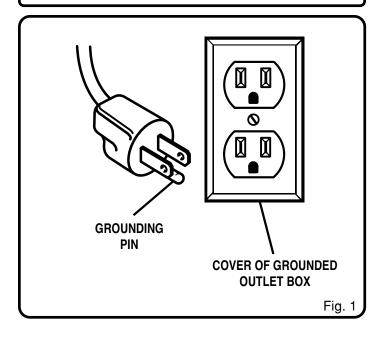
26-100 feet 16

When working with the tool outdoors, use an extension cord that is designed for outside use. This is indicated by the letters WA on the cord's jacket.

Before using an extension cord, inspect it for loose or exposed wires and cut or worn insulation. Repair or replace a damaged or worn cord immediately.

A CAUTION:

Keep the cord away from the cutting area and position the cord so that it will not be caught on lumber, tools, or other objects during cutting.



ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

Your Ryobi Scroll Saw is powered by a precision built electric motor. It should be connected to a power supply that is 120 volts, 60Hz, AC only (normal household current). Do not operate this tool on direct current (DC). A substantial voltage drop will cause a loss of power and the motor will overheat. If the saw does not operate when plugged into an outlet, double check the power supply.

GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

In the event of a malfunction or breakdown, grounding provides a path of least resistance for electric current to reduce the risk of electric shock. This tool is equipped with an electric cord having an equipment-grounding conductor and a grounding plug. The plug must be plugged into a matching outlet that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with all local codes and ordinances.

Do not modify the plug provided. If it will not fit the outlet, have the proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician. Improper connection of the equipment-grounding conductor can result in a risk of electric shock. The conductor with insulation having an outer surface that is green with or without yellow stripes is the equipment-grounding conductor. If repair or replacement of the electric cord or plug is necessary, do not connect the equipment-grounding conductor to a live terminal.

Check with a qualified electrician or service personnel if the grounding instructions are not completely understood, or if in doubt as to whether the tool is properly grounded.

Repair or replace a damaged or worn cord immediately.

This tool is intended for use on a circuit that has an outlet like the one shown in Figure 1. It also has a grounding pin like the one shown.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS FOR WOODWORKING

Bevel Cut

A cutting operation made with the saw table at any angle other than 90° to the blade.

Compound Cut

A compound cut is a cut made using a miter angle and a bevel angle at the same time.

A cutting or shaping operation made across the grain or the width of the workpiece.

Freehand (for scroll saw)

Performing a cut without the workpiece being guided by a fence or miter gauge. Work must supported by the table.

A sticky, sap based residue from wood products.

Kerf

The material removed by the blade in a through cut or the slot produced by the blade in a non-through or partial cut.

Leading End

The end of the workpiece pushed into the cutting tool first.

Nonferrous Metal

Metal that does not contain iron, such as aluminum, brass or copper.

Push Stick

A device used to feed the workpiece through the saw blade during narrow ripping type operations and helps keep the operator's hands well away from the blade.

Resaw

A cutting operation to reduce the thickness of the workpiece to make thinner pieces.

Resin

A sticky, sap base substance that has hardened.

Ripping

A cutting operation along the length of the workpiece.

Saw Blade Path

The area directly in line — over, under, behind, or in front of the blade. As it applies to the workpiece, that area which will be, or has been, cut by the blade.

Set

The distance that the tip of the saw blade tooth is bent (or set) outward from the face of the blade.

SPM

Strokes per minute. Used in reference to blade movement.

Through Sawing

Any cutting operation where the blade extends completely through the thickness of the workpiece.

Throw-Back

Throwing of a workpiece in a manner similar to a kickback. Usually associated with a cause other than the kerf closing, such as a workpiece not being against the fence, being dropped into the blade, or being placed inadvertently in contact with the blade.

Workpiece

The item on which the cutting operation is being done. The surfaces of a workpiece are commonly referred to as faces, ends, and edges.

Worktable

The surface on which the workpiece rests while performing a cutting or sanding operation.

UNPACKING

Your scroll saw comes completely assembled.

- Carefully remove all parts from the shipping carton.
- Do not discard the packing material until you have carefully inspected the belt/disc sander, identified all parts, and satisfactorily operated your new tool.
- If all parts have been included, proceed to assembly.
- If any parts are damaged or missing, please call 1-800-525-2579 for assistance.
- Examine all parts to make sure no breakage has occurred during shipping. Any damaged or missing part should be replaced before attempting to use the tool.

Note: If any parts are damaged or missing, do not attempt to plug in the power cord and turn the switch on until the damaged or missing parts are obtained and are installed correctly.



WARNING:

Do not allow familiarity with the tool to make you careless. Remember that a careless fraction of a second is sufficient to inflict severe injury.



WARNING:

Do not attempt to assemble this tool, plug in the power cord, or turn on switch if any parts are damaged or missing. Failure to heed this warning could result in serious personal injury.

LOOSE PARTS

Check all loose parts from the box with the list below. Assemble according to the instructions on the following pages.

- Blade(s)
- Operator's Manual (not shown)

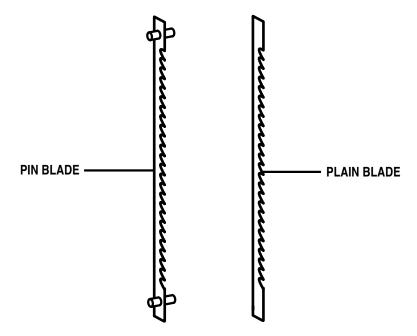


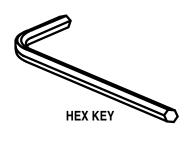
Fig. 2

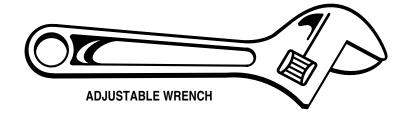
TOOLS NEEDED

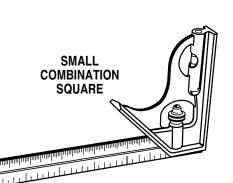
The following tools (not included) are needed for adjustments and alignment:

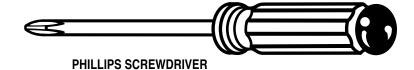
- Combination Square
- Phillips Screwdriver
- Slotted Screwdriver

- Hex Key
- Adjustable Wrench









SLOTTED SCREWDRIVER

Fig. 3

FEATURES

KNOW YOUR SCROLL SAW

Before attempting to use your saw, familiarize yourself with all the operating features and safety requirements of your Ryobi scroll saw. *See Figure 4.*

This versatile, variable speed scroll saw is great for making toys, puzzles, games, artwork, and jewelry. It is a handy doit-yourself tool. It cuts wood, wood composition products, plastic, and other fibrous material up to 2 in. (51 mm) thick. It also cuts nonferrous metals (aluminum, brass, copper).

Bevel Scale

The bevel scale and indicator show the degree the saw table is tilted.

Blade Clamp Screws

Blade clamp screws are used when changing saw blades.

Blade Storage Drawer

Attached under the left side of the table is a blade storage drawer. It will hold up to 20 blades.

Blade Tension Knob

Loosen or tighten blade tension by turning the blade tension knob.

Drop Foot and Drop Foot Lock Knob

This foot should be lowered until it just rests on top of the workpiece to prevent the workpiece from lifting, yet not so much that the workpiece drags. The vertical portion provides a blade guard to prevent accidental blade contact.

On/Off Knob with Variable Speed

Pull the knob out to turn **ON** the scroll saw and push the knob in to turn **OFF** the scroll saw. Turn the knob to adjust the speed from the high speed of approximately 1,600 SPM (strokes per minute) to the low speed of approximately 500 SPM.

Sawdust Blower/Light

With an easy **ON/OFF** switch, the sawdust blower/light keeps the line of cut on the workpiece clean and lighted for more accurate scroll cuts. For best results, always direct air flow at the blade and the workpiece.

Sawdust Exhaust

This feature will allow you to attach any 1-1/4 in. (32 mm) vacuum hose for easy sawdust collection.

Saw Table with Throat Plate

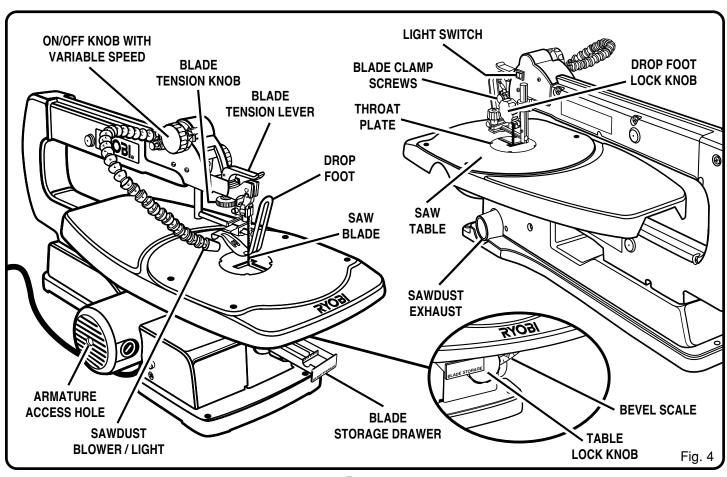
Your scroll saw has an aluminum saw table with tilt control for maximum accuracy. The throat plate, inserted in the saw table, allows for blade clearance.

Switch

A power switch that turns the sawdust blower/light on and off.

Table Lock Knob

Allows you to tilt the table and lock it at the desired angle up to 45° .



ASSEMBLY

Your Ryobi 18 in. (457 mm) Scroll Saw was fully assembled at the factory. Before operating this tool, it is important to check all alignments and settings. Normal handling during shipment may have changed settings.

MOUNTING SCROLL SAW TO WORKBENCH

A WARNING:

To avoid serious personal injury from unexpected tool movement, always securely mount scroll saw to a workbench.

If the scroll saw is to be used in a permanent application, we recommend that you secure it in a permanent location such as a workbench. When mounting the saw to a workbench, holes should be drilled through the supporting surface of the workbench.

- Each hole in the base of the saw should be bolted securely using machine bolts, washers, and nuts (not included). Bolts should be of sufficient length to accommodate the saw base, washers, nuts, and the thickness of the workbench.
- Place scroll saw on workbench. Using the saw base as a pattern, locate and mark the holes where the scroll saw is to be mounted.
- Drill four holes through the workbench.
- Place scroll saw on workbench aligning holes in the saw base with the holes drilled in the workbench.
- Insert all four bolts (not included) and tighten securely with washers and nuts (not included).

Note: All bolts should be inserted from the top. Install the washers and nuts from the underside of the bench.

Supporting surface where scroll saw is mounted should be examined carefully after mounting to insure that no movement during use can result. If any tipping or walking is noted, secure workbench or supporting surface before beginning cutting operations.

Reducing Noise and Vibration:

You may wish to place a foam pad or piece of carpet between the saw base and the workbench to help reduce noise and vibration.

If a foam pad or piece of carpet is used, do not overtighten the mounting bolts. Leave some cushion between the padding and the saw base to help absorb the noise and vibration.

The size of the padding material should be approximately 24 in. \times 12 in. \times 1/2 in. (610 mm \times 305 mm \times 13 mm).

CLAMPING SCROLL SAW TO WORKBENCH

See Figure 5.

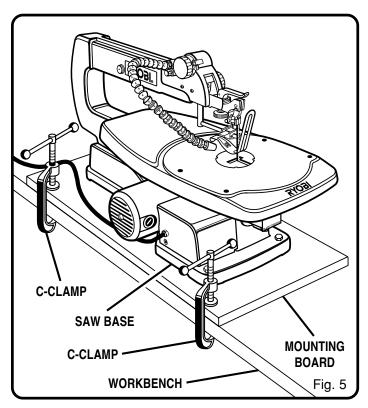
If the scroll saw is to be used in a portable application, it is recommended that you fasten it permanently to a mounting board that can easily be clamped to a workbench or other supporting surface. The mounting board should be of sufficient size to avoid tipping of saw while in use. Any good grade plywood or chipboard with a 3/4 in. (19 mm) thickness is recommended.

- Mount saw to board using holes in saw base as a template for hole pattern. Locate and mark the holes where scroll saw is to be mounted.
- Follow last three steps in previous section called Mounting Scroll Saw to Workbench.

If lag bolts are being used, make sure they are long enough to go through holes in the saw base and the material the saw is being mounted to.

If machine bolts are being used, make sure they are long enough to go through holes in the saw base, the material the saw is being mounted to, and the washers and nuts.

Note: It may be necessary to countersink washers and nuts on the bottom side of mounting board.



WARNING:

To prevent accidental starting that could cause possible serious personal injury, turn off the saw and unplug the saw from the power source before making any adjustments.

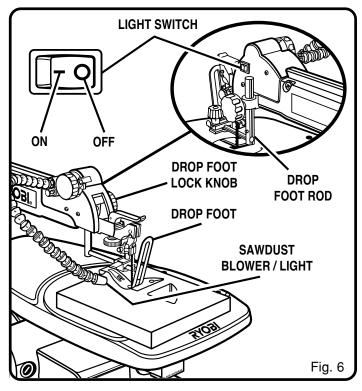
DROP FOOT

See Figure 6.

To prevent workpiece from lifting, the drop foot should be adjusted so it just rests on the top of the workpiece. The drop foot should not be adjusted so that the workpiece drags. Always retighten the drop foot lock knob after each adjustment has been made.

- Loosen the drop foot lock knob.
- Lower or raise the drop foot to the desired position.
- Retighten the drop foot lock knob.

The tall, front part of the drop foot acts as a blade guard to prevent accidental contact with the blade.



SAWDUST BLOWER/LIGHT

See Figure 6.



WARNING:

Failure to turn the saw off and unplug the saw from the power source could result in accidental starting causing possible serious injury.

With an easy **ON/Off** switch, the attached sawdust blower/ light is designed to direct air to the cutting line. Adjust the sawdust blower/light to the desired position.

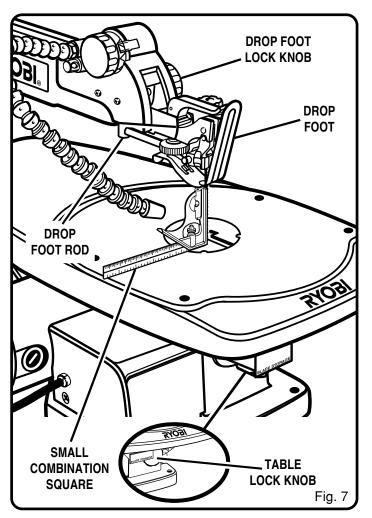
SQUARING THE SAW TABLE TO THE BLADE

See Figures 7 and 8.

WARNING:

Failure to turn the saw off and unplug the saw from the power source could result in accidental starting causing possible serious injury.

- Loosen the drop foot lock knob and move drop foot rod all the way up. Retighten drop foot lock knob.
- Loosen the table lock knob to tilt the saw table until it is approximately perpendicular or at right angle to the blade.
- Place a small square on the saw table next to the blade.
- Loosen the screw holding the scale indicator. See Figure 8. Move indicator to the 0° mark and securely tighten screw. Remember, the bevel scale is a convenient guide but should not be relied upon for precision. Make practice cuts on scrap material to determine if your angle settings are correct.
- Adjust the drop foot to desired position and securely retighten the drop foot lock knob.



SETTING THE TABLE FOR HORIZONTAL OR BEVEL CUTTING

See Figures 8, 9 and 10.

WARNING:

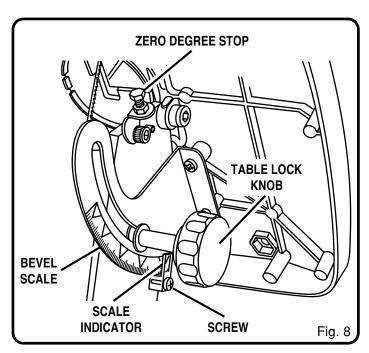
Failure to turn the saw off and unplug the saw from the power source could result in accidental starting causing possible serious injury.

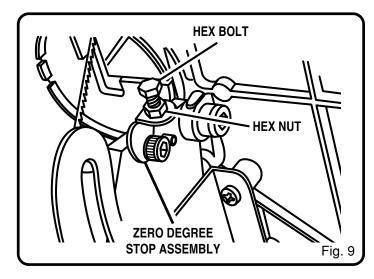
A bevel scale is located under the saw table as a convenient guide for setting the approximate saw table angle for bevel cutting. When greater precision is required, make practice cuts on scrap material and adjust the saw table as necessary for your requirements.

Note: When cutting at angles, the drop foot should be tilted so it is parallel to the saw table and rests flat against the workpiece. To tilt the drop foot, loosen phillips screw, tilt drop foot to the proper angle, then retighten screw.

- Loosen the table lock knob and push down on the right side of the table. If the table stop at 0°, the zero degree stop is properly set. If the table stops somewhere other than zero, then adjust the zero degree stop.
- To access the zero degree stop, loosen the table lock knob, and tilt the table with the right side all the way down. Just under the front of the saw table is the zero degree stop. See Figure 9. Loosen the hex nut and rotate the hex bolt to raise or lower the bolt as needed to adjust the zero degree stop. Be sure to check to see that the table is square to the blade.

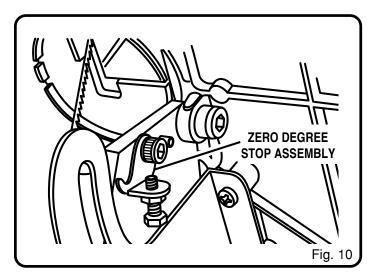
Now, by returning the table to the zero position, the zero degree stop provides a quick reference to the preset position.





The zero stop assembly can be rotated to the left and down out of the way and the table can be angled up to 12° to the left. See Figure 10.

Note: Make sure the zero degree stop is rotated all the way down or it will contact the blade storage drawer as you angle to the left.



INSTALLING BLADES

Scroll saw blades wear out quickly and must be replaced frequently for best cutting results. Expect to break some blades while you learn to use and adjust your saw. Blades generally stay sharp for 1/2 hour to 2 hours of cutting, depending on the type of material and speed of operation.

Pin End Blades

See Figure 11.

Removing the Saw Blade:

■ Turn off and unplug the saw from the power source.

▲ WARNING:

Failure to turn the saw off and unplug the saw from the power source could result in accidental starting causing possible serious injury.

- Pull up on the tension release.
- Turn blade tension knob clockwise to decrease (or loosen) blade tension. See Figure 4.
- Pushing up from under the saw table, remove the throat
- Loosen both the upper and lower blade clamp screws.
- Pull up on the blade and push down on the saw arm to disengage the upper pin in the V-notch of the upper blade holder. Push the blade downward to disengage the lower pin in the lower blade holder.
- Remove the blade.

Replacing the Saw Blade:

- Place the new blade through the opening in the saw table with the teeth to the front of the saw and pointing down toward the saw table. The pins on the blade go under the blade holder in the lower blade holder.
- Pull up on the blade and press the upper arm down to position the upper end of the blade in the V-notch in the upper blade holder.
- Securely tighten the upper and lower blade clamps.
- Push the tension release back down.
- Turn the blade tension knob counterclockwise until the blade has the desired amount of tension.
- Replace the throat plate.

Note: If the blade touches the drop foot on either side then the drop foot must be adjusted. See section on Adjusting **Drop Foot.**

Plain End Blades

See Figure 11.

Turn off and unplug the saw from the power source.

WARNING:

Failure to turn the saw off and unplug the saw from the power source could result in accidental starting causing possible serious injury.

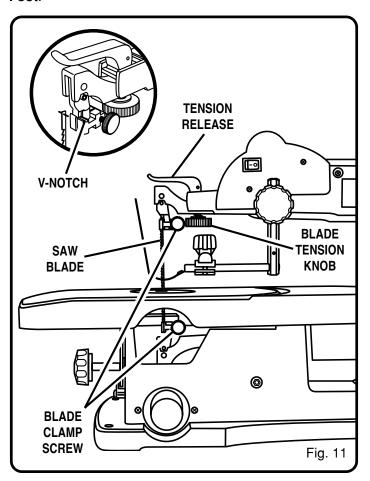
Removing the Saw Blade:

- Pull up on the tension release.
- Turn blade tension knob counterclockwise to decrease (or loosen) blade tension. See Figure 4.
- Pushing up from under the saw table, remove the throat plate.
- Loosen both the upper and lower blade clamp screws.
- Remove the blade.

Replacing the Saw Blade:

- Place the new blade through the opening in the saw table with the teeth to the front of the saw and pointing down toward the saw table.
- Position blade and tighten the blade clamp screw securely.
- Pull up on the blade and press the upper arm down to position the upper end of the blade in the upper blade
- Securely tighten the upper blade clamp screw.
- Push the tension release back down.
- Turn the blade tension knob clockwise until the blade has the desired amount of tension.
- Replace the throat plate.

Note: If the blade touches the drop foot on either side then the drop foot must be adjusted. See section Adjusting Drop Foot.





WARNING:

Failure to turn the saw off and unplug the saw from the power source could result in accidental starting causing possible serious injury.

ADJUSTING DROP FOOT

- Loosen the drop foot lock knob. See Figure 4, page 9.
- Center the drop foot around the saw blade to the desired position.
- Tighten the drop foot lock knob.

ADJUSTING BLADE TENSION

See Figure 12.

■ Turn off and unplug the saw from the power source.



WARNING:

Failure to turn the saw off and unplug the saw from the power source could result in accidental starting causing possible serious injury.

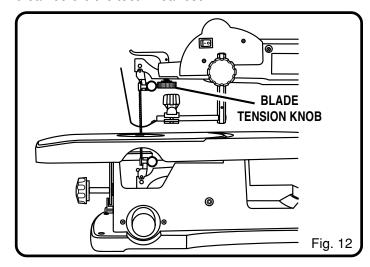
- Turning the blade tension knob clockwise decreases (or loosens) blade tension.
- Turning the blade tension knob counterclockwise increases (or tightens) blade tension.

Note: Adjustments to blade tension can be made at any time.

Check tension by the sound the blade makes when plucked like a guitar string. This method of adding tension to the blade can be developed with practice and requires knowing your scroll saw.

■ Pluck the back straight edge of blade while turning tension adjusting knob. Sound should be a musical note. Sound becomes less flat as tension increases. Sound decreases with too much tension.

Note: Be careful not to adjust blade too tight. Too much tension may cause the blade to break as soon as you start cutting. Too little tension may cause the blade to bend or break before the teeth wear out.



OPERATION

BASIC OPERATION OF THE SCROLL SAW

Before starting a cut, watch the saw run. If you experience excessive vibration or unusual noise, stop immediately. Turn the saw off, remove the switch key, and unplug the saw. Do not restart until locating and correcting the problem.

Note: After the saw is turned ON, a hesitation before blade movement is normal.

CUTTING PROCEDURES

- There is a learning curve for each person who wants to use this saw. During that period of time it is expected that some blades will break until you learn how to use and adjust the saw.
- Plan the way you will hold the workpiece from start to
- Keep your hands away from the blade. Do not hand hold pieces so small your fingers will go under the blade guard.
- Hold the workpiece firmly against the saw table.
- The blade teeth cut material only on the down stroke.

- Use gentle pressure and both hands when feeding the work into the blade. Do not force the work.
- Guide the workpiece into the blade slowly because the teeth of the blade are very small and can only remove material on the down stroke.
- Avoid awkward operations and hand positions where a sudden slip could cause serious injury from contact with the blade. Never place hands in blade path.
- To get accurate cuts, compensate for the blade's tendency to follow the wood grain as you are cutting wood.
- Use extra supports (tables, saw horses, blocks, etc.) when cutting large, small or awkward workpieces.
- Never use another person as a substitute for a table extension or as additional support for a workpiece that is longer or wider than the basic saw table.
- When cutting irregularly shaped workpieces, plan your work so it will not pinch the blade. Workpieces must not twist, rock or slip while being cut.

OPERATION

REMOVING JAMMED MATERIAL

When backing out the workpiece, the blade may bind in the kerf (cut). This is usually caused by sawdust clogging the kerf or when the blade comes out of the blade holders. If this happens:

- Wait until the saw has come to a full and complete stop.
- Place the switch in the **OFF** position.
- Unplug the saw from the power source.
- Remove the saw's blade and the workpiece, see section on Removing the Saw Blade, page 13.
- Wedge the kerf open with a flat screwdriver or wooden wedge then remove the blade from the workpiece.

WARNING:

Before removing loose pieces from the table, turn saw off and wait for all moving parts to stop to avoid serious personal injury.

AVOIDING INJURY

- Make sure saw is level and does not rock. Saw should always be on a firm, level surface with plenty of room for handling and properly supporting the workpiece.
- Bolt saw to the support surface to prevent slipping, walking or sliding during operations like cutting long, heavy boards.
- Turn saw off, remove switch key, and unplug cord from the power source before moving the saw.
- Do not remove jammed cutoff pieces until blade has come to a full and complete stop.
- Choose the right size and style blade for the material and type of cut you plan to do.
- Use only recommended accessories.
- With the exception of the workpiece and related support devises, clear everything off the saw table before turning the saw on.
- Properly support round materials such as dowel rods or tubing because they have a tendency to roll during a cut causing the blade to "bite". To avoid this, always use a "V" block or clamp workpiece to a miter gauge
- Before removing loose pieces from the saw table, turn saw off and wait for all moving parts to stop.

ON/OFF KNOB WITH VARIABLE SPEED

See Figure 13.

Your scroll saw has an easy access ON/OFF knob with variable speed.

■ Pull the knob out to turn **ON** the saw, and push the knob in to turn **OFF** the saw.

Note: After saw is turned on, a hesitation before blade movement is normal.

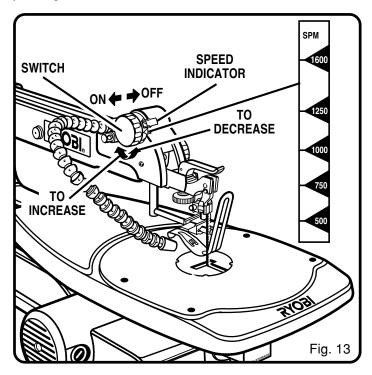
WARNING:

Never leave the saw unattended until the blade has come to a complete stop to prevent serious personal injury.

■ By turning the knob, the variable speed control may be adjusted from the high speed of approximately 1600 SPM (Strokes Per Minute) to the low speed of approximately 500 SPM. Suggested speeds are identified under Choice of Blade and Speed, page 16. Turn the On/Off knob to the right or clockwise to increase strokes per minute and to the left or counterclockwise to reduce the strokes per minute.

This motor has an electronic control that regulates the speed and provides overload protection to the motor. If the motor fails to start after about two seconds, push the knob OFF and disconnect the saw from the power source. Refer to the troubleshooting chart.

Note: If the internal overload protector has been tripped, pushing the On/Off knob OFF will reset it.



OPERATION

CHOICE OF BLADE AND SPEED

The scroll saw accepts a wide variety of blade widths and thicknesses for cutting wood and other fibrous materials. Your saw uses 5 in. long blades of either the pin end or the plain end style. The blade width and thickness and the number of teeth per inch to use are determined by the type of material and the size of the radius being cut.

Note: As a general rule, always select narrow blades for intricate curve cutting and wide blades for straight and large curve cutting.

Teeth/Inch	Width	Thickness	Speed or Strokes Per Minute	Material Cut
10	.110 in. (2.8 mm)	.020 in. (0.5 mm)	500-1600	Popular size for cutting hard and soft woods 3/16 in. (4.8 mm) up to 2 in. (51 mm) Plastics, paper, felt, bone, etc.
7	.067 in. (1.1 mm)	.020 in. (0.5 mm)	750-1250	Wood, plastics, extremely thin cuts on materials 3/32 in. (2.4 mm) to 1/2 in. (13 mm) thick.
13	.037 in. (0.5 mm)	.015 in. (0.4 mm)	500-1000	For tight radius work in thin materials 3/32 in. (2.4 mm) to 1/8 in. (3 mm) wood, veneer, bone, fiber, ivory, plastic, etc.

BLADE INFORMATION

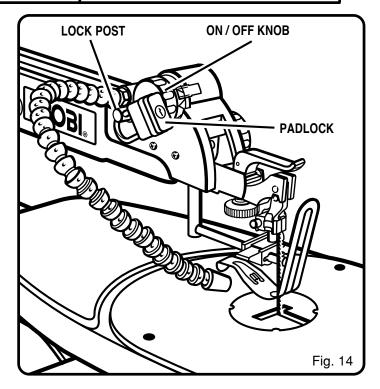
- Scroll saw blades wear out and must be replaced frequently for best cutting results. Scroll saw blades generally stay sharp for 1/2 hour to 2 hours of cutting, depending on type of material and speed of operation.
- In cutting wood, best results are achieved when cutting wood less than one inch thick.
- When cutting wood thicker than one inch, the user must guide the workpiece very slowly into the blade and take extra care not to bend or twist the blade while cutting.
- When choosing a blade, carefully consider the following:
 - · Very fine, narrow blades should be used to scroll cut in thin material 1/4 in. (6 mm) thick or less.
 - · Most blade packages state the size or thickness and type of material which that blade is intended to cut. The package should also state the radius or size of curve that can be cut with that blade size.
 - · Wider blades cannot cut curves as tight or as small as thinner blades.
- Blades wear faster when:
 - Cutting plywood, hardwood, and other laminates.
 - Cutting material thicker than 3/4 in. (19 mm).
 - · Side pressure is applied to the blade.

LOCK POST

See Figure 14.

To prevent unauthorized use of your scroll saw, we suggest that you disconnect it from the power supply and lock the knob in the **OFF** position. A padlock should be used. When the lock is installed and locked, as illustrated, the switch is inoperable. Store the padlock key in another location.

■ To lock the saw in the **OFF** position, install a padlock through the lock post beside the knob as illustrated and lock the padlock. (Padlock is not supplied with the saw.)



WARNING:

For your own safety, always push the knob **OFF** when machine is not in use. Also, in the event of a power failure. push knob OFF. Lock the scroll saw switch OFF with a padlock. This will prevent the machine from starting up again when the power comes back on. Failure to heed this warning can result in serious personal injury.

OPERATION

WARNING:

To avoid possible serious injury from accidental starting, always turn the saw off and unplug the saw from power source before removing or replacing the blade.

SCROLL CUTTING

For general type scroll cutting, follow the pattern lines by pushing and turning the workpiece at the same time. Do not try to turn the workpiece while engaged in the blade without pushing it - the workpiece could bind or twist the blade.

WARNING:

To prevent serious personal injury, never leave the saw unattended until the blade has come to a complete stop.

INTERIOR SCROLL CUTTING

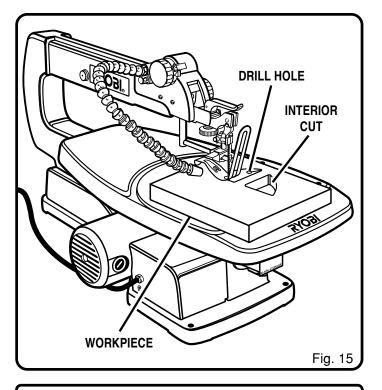
See Figure 15.

- One feature of a scroll saw is that it can be used to make scroll cuts on the interior of a workpiece without breaking or cutting through the edge or perimeter of the board.
- To make interior cuts in the workpiece, remove the scroll saw blade as explained in the section on Installing Blades on page 13.
- Drill a 1/4 in. (6 mm) hole in the workpiece.
- Place the workpiece on the saw table with the drilled hole over the access hole in the table.
- Install blade through the hole in the workpiece; adjust the drop foot and blade tension.
- When finished making the interior scroll cuts, simply remove the blade from the blade holders as described in the section on Installing Blades, page 13, and remove the workpiece from the saw table.

STACK CUTTING

See Figure 16.

After becoming well acquainted with your saw through practice and experience, you may wish to try stack cutting. Stack cutting may be used when several identical shapes need to be cut. Several pieces of wood may be stacked on top and secured to each other before cutting. The wood pieces may be joined together by placing double sided tape between each piece or by wrapping masking tape around the corners or ends of the stacked wood. You must attach the stacked pieces of wood to each other so they will move on the table as a single piece of material.

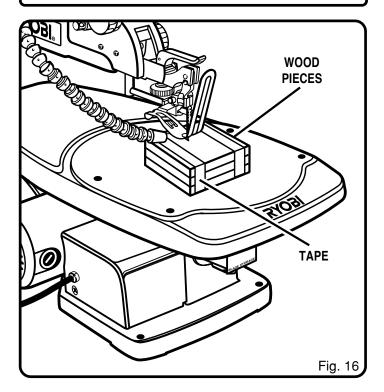


A WARNING:

To avoid possible, serious personal injury, do not cut more than one loose piece of material at a time.

A WARNING:

Do not allow familiarity with your saw to make you careless. Remember that a careless fraction of a second is sufficient to inflict severe injury.



MAINTENANCE



WARNING:

When servicing, use only identical Ryobi replacement parts. Use of any other part may create a hazard or cause product damage.

GENERAL MAINTENANCE

- Keep your scroll saw clean.
- After cleaning the table top initially, apply a thin coat of automobile type (paste) wax to the table top so the wood slides easily while cutting.
- Do not allow pitch to accumulate on the saw table. Clean with gum and pitch remover.

ARM BEARINGS

See Figure 17.

Lubricate the arm bearings after the first 10 hours of use. Oil after every 50 hours of use or whenever there is a squeak coming from the bearings.

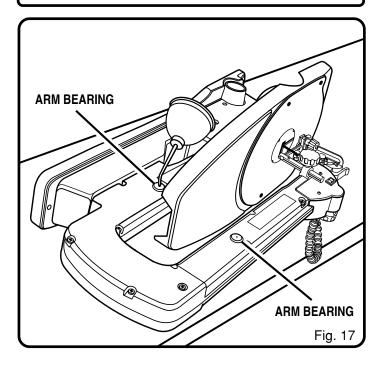
- Carefully place the saw on its side as shown in *Figure 17*. Remove the rubber cap from the upper and the lower arm of the saw.
- Squirt a few drops of SAE20 oil around the shaft end and arm bearings. Let oil soak in overnight, remaining in this

Note: Lubricate the bearings on the other side of the saw in this same manner.



WARNING:

If the power cord is worn, cut, or damaged in any way, have it replaced immediately by a qualified service technician. Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury.

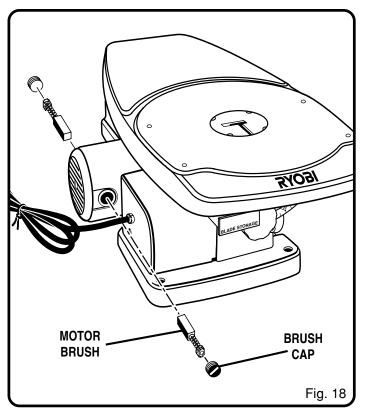


MOTOR BRUSHES

See Figure 18.

Your saw has externally accessible motor brush assemblies that should be checked periodically for wear. When one of the two brushes becomes worn, replace both brushes.

- Unplug the saw from the power source.
- Carefully place the saw on its side exposing the underside of the saw housing.
- Using a flat blade screwdriver, remove the bottom brush assembly cap through the access hole in the base and the top brush assembly cap from the top of the motor. Gently pry the brush assemblies out using a small screw drivier, point of a nail, or paper clip.
- If one motor brush is worn down shorter than 1/4 in. (6 mm), replace both motor brushes. Do not replace one side without replacing the other. Make sure curvature of brush matches curvature of motor and that the motor brush moves freely in brush tube. Use the blunt end of something thin (eraser end of pencil, etc.) to push the motor brush into the tube until it stays.
- Make sure the motor brush cap is oriented correctly (straight). Tighten motor brush cap using a hand powered screwdriver only. Do not overtighten.



MAINTENANCE



A WARNING:

To prevent accidental starting that could cause possible serious personal injury, turn off and unplug the saw before maintaining or lubricating your scroll saw.

A WARNING:

Failure to unplug your saw could result in accidental starting causing serious injury.

TROUBLESHOOTING



A WARNING:

For your own safety, turn saw OFF and remove plug from power outlet before adjusting or aligning your scroll saw.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION			
Motor will not run.	Problem with ON-OFF switch, power cord, or outlet.	 Have worn parts replaced before using Scroll Saw again. Have the proper outlet installed by a qualified electri- cian. 			
	2. Motor defective.	Do not attempt any repair. Have repaired by a qualified service technician.			
Blades breaking.	Too much tension.	1. Adjust tension.			
, and the second	2. Feeding too quickly.	2. Reduce feed rate.			
	3. Wrong blade.	Narrow blades for cutting thin wood or tight corners and turns, wide blades for thicker wood or wide turns.			
	4. Blade twisting in wood.	Reduce side pressure on blade, check blade tension.			
Vibration (there is always	1. Improper mounting of saw.	Check mounting.			
some vibration when the saw	Mounting surface.	2. Check mounting in manual.			
is running).	Loose table or table resting against motor.	3. Tighten table lock knob.			
	4. Loose motor mounting.	4. Tighten mounting screws.			
Blade runout (blade not properly aligned with arm motion).	Blade holders out of line.	1. Realign blade.			

RYOBI OPERATOR'S MANUAL 18 in. (457 mm) Variable Speed Scroll Saw SC180VS

EXTENSION CORD CAUTION

When using a power tool at a considerable distance from a power source, be sure to use an extension cord that has the capacity to handle the current the tool will draw. An undersized cord will cause a drop in line voltage, resulting in overheating and loss of power. Use the chart to determine the minimum wire size required in an extension cord. Only round jacketed cords should be used.

When working with a tool outdoors, use an extension cord that is designed for outside use. This is indicated by the letters "WA" on the cord's jacket.

Before using any extension cord, inspect it for loose or exposed wires and cut or worn insulation.

,	**Ampere rating							
	(on tool data plate)	0-2.0	2.1-3.4	3.5-5.0	5.1-7.0	7.1-12.0	12.1-16.0	
Cord Length		Wire Size (A.W.G.)						
	25'	16	16	16	16	14	14	
	50'	16	16	16	14	14	12	
	100'	16	16	14	12	10	_	

CAUTION: Keep the extension cord clear of the working area. Position the cord so that it will not get caught on workpiece, tools, or other obstructions while you are working with a power tool.

**Used on 12 gauge - 20 amp circuit.

SERVICE

Now that you have purchased your tool, should a need ever exist for repair parts or service, simply contact your nearest Ryobi Authorized Service Center. Be sure to provide all pertinent facts when you call or visit. Please call 1-800-525-2579 for your nearest Ryobi Authorized Service Center. You can also check our web site at www.ryobitools.com for a complete list of Authorized Service Centers.

MODEL NO.

The model and serial numbers of your tool will be found on a plate attached to the motor housing. Please record the serial number in the space provided below.

•	MODEL NUMBER	SC180VS		
•	SERIAL NUMBER			

RYOBI TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

1428 Pearman Dairy Road Anderson, SC 29625
Post Office Box 1207 Anderson SC 29622-1207
Phone 1-800-525-2579
www.ryobitools.com

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